

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2



SCHWENK Zement GmbH & Co. KG – CEM I 52,5 R (ft) - Allmendingen - 0840-CPR-3010-110010-19



Owner of the declaration

SCHWENK Zement GmbH & Co. KG
Hindenburggring 15
89077 Ulm
Germany

Product

CEM I 52,5 R (ft) - Allmendingen - 0840-CPR-3010-110010-19

Declared product / Declared unit

1 t of CEM I 52,5 R (ft) - Allmendingen - 0840-CPR-3010-110010-19

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules

EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019,
EN 16908:2017+A1:2022: Cement and building lime - Environmental product declarations - Product category rules complementary to EN 15804

Program operator:

EPD-Norge
Majorstuen P.O. Box 5250
N-0303 Oslo
Norway

Declaration number

NEPD-10084-10084-2

Registration number

NEPD-10084-10084-2

Issue date

04.04.2025

Valid to

03.04.2030

EPD Software

Emidat EPD Tool v1.0.0

General Information

Product

CEM I 52,5 R (ft) - Allmendingen - 0840-CPR-3010-110010-19

Program Operator

EPD-Norge
Majorstuen P.O. Box 5250
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Norway
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Email: post@epd-norge.no

Declaration Number

NEPD-10084-10084-2

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules

EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019,
EN 16908:2017+A1:2022: Cement and building lime -
Environmental product declarations - Product category
rules complementary to EN 15804

Statements

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the
underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall
not be liable with respect to manufacturer, life cycle
assessment data and evidences.

Declared unit

1 t of CEM I 52,5 R (ft) - Allmendingen - 0840-CPR-3010-110010-19

General information on verification of EPD from EPD tools

Independent verification of data, other environmental
information and the declaration according to ISO
14025:2010, § 8.1.3 and § 8.1.4. Verification of each EPD
is made according to EPD-Norway's guidelines for
verification and approval requiring that tools are i)
integrated into the company's environmental
management system, ii) the procedures for use of the
EPD tool are approved by EPD-Norway, and iii) the
process is reviewed annually by an independent third
party verifier. See Appendix G of EPD-Norway's General
Programme Instructions for further information on EPD
tools.

Verification of EPD tool

Charlotte Merlin, FORCE Technology
(no signature required)

Owner of the declaration

SCHWENK Zement GmbH & Co. KG

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Manufacturer

SCHWENK Zement GmbH & Co. KG
Hindenburgring 15
89077 Ulm, Germany

Place of production

Allmendingen, Germany

Management system

ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 50001

Organisation no

Registereintragung: HRA 1955, Amtsgericht Ulm

Issue date

04.04.2025

Valid to

03.04.2030

Year of study

2023

Comparability

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if
they do not comply with EN 15804 and are not seen in a
building context. EPD data may not be comparable if the
datasets used are not developed in accordance with EN
15804 and if the background systems are not based on
the same database (including primary and secondary
data).

Development and verification of EPD

The declaration was created using the Emidat EPD tool
v1.0, developed by Emidat GmbH. The EPD tool has been
approved by EPD Norway.

Developer of EPD: Dr. Klaus Raiber

Reviewer of company-specific input data and EPD:
Thomas Arndt

Approved

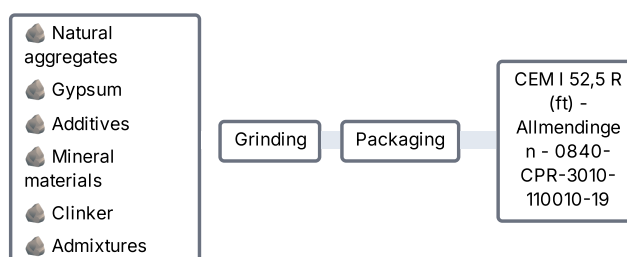


Håkon Hauan, CEO EPD-Norge

Product

Product description

Cement is a hydraulically hardening binder for the production of concrete and mortar. It is a mixture of finely ground, non-metallic and inorganic components. After adding water to the cement, a suspension (cement paste) is formed, which solidifies and hardens both in air and under water due to the hydration reaction that then begins and remains permanently solid. The composition of the product complies with the specifications of EN 197-1.



Cement is the key ingredient in concrete. When mixed with water and aggregates such as sand and gravel, it forms a paste that binds the aggregates together to create concrete, the most widely used construction material in the world.

Cement can also be mixed with sand and water to create mortar or grout, used as a bonding agent between bricks, stones, or concrete blocks in masonry construction. Cement can also be used to stabilise and improve the properties of soil in construction projects. Soil-cement mixtures are created by mixing cement with soil to increase its strength, durability, and load-bearing capacity. This technique is commonly used in road construction, building foundations, and slope stabilisation.

Product specification

| Name of ingredient | Share of total weight | Country of origin |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Additives | 0 - 6 % | Germany |
| Admixtures | 0 - 6 % | Germany |
| Clinker | 80 - 100 % | Germany |
| Gypsum | 0 - 6 % | Germany |
| Mineral materials | 0 - 6 % | Germany |
| Natural aggregates | 0 - 6 % | Germany |

Technical data

| | Unit | Value |
|---|---------------------|--------|
| Compressive Strength (Prisms, EN 196-1) | N / mm ² | 52.5 |
| Density | kg / m ³ | 3000.0 |

Market

Germany

Reference service life

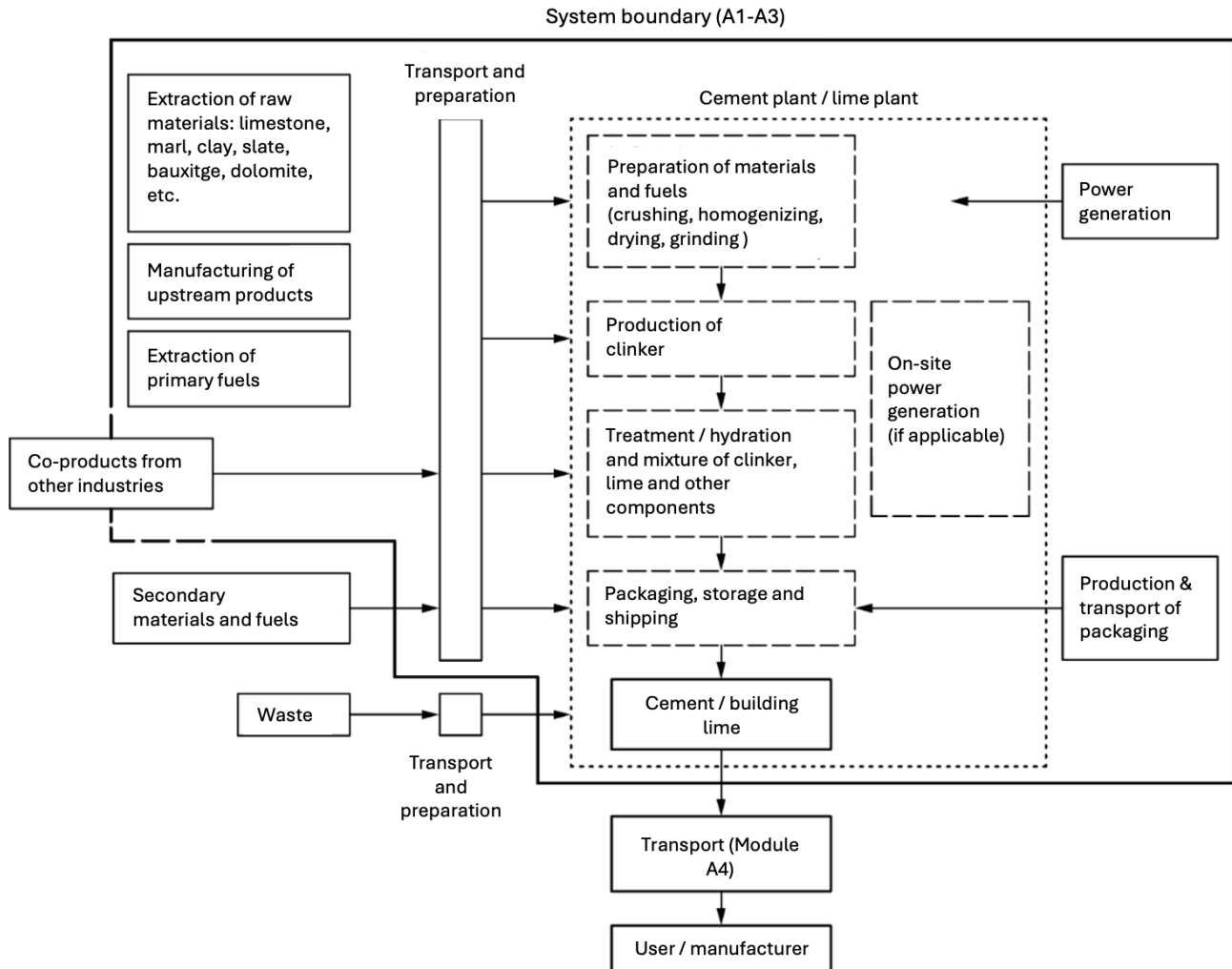
This study does not cover the use stage. Thus, the reference service life is irrelevant.

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit

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System boundary



Data quality

The Emidat EPD Tool v1.0.0 was used for LCA modeling and calculation. Background data was used from ecoinvent database v3.10.

System boundaries (X=included, MND=module not declared)

| | Production | | | Installation | | Use stage | | | | | | | End-of-Life | | | | Next product system |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|----------|---|
| | Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Installation Process | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational Energy Use | Operational Water Use | Demolition | Transport | Waste Processing | Disposal | Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary |
| Module | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Modules declared | x | x | x | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND |
| Geography | | | DE | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND |

For the geographies modeled in A1 and A2, refer to *Product specification*.

Type of EPD: cradle to gate (A1-A3)

Stage of Material Production and Construction

Module A1: Extraction and processing of cement raw materials

Module A2: Transportation of raw materials to the cement plant

Module A3: Cement production at the plant and waste treatment

Cut-off criteria

No cut-offs were applied.

Allocation

Elementary flows (energy and fuels, ancillary materials and waste) data was collected on production-process-level. Using the total output of the production process in 2023, elementary flows are assigned to 1 declared unit based on mass.

LCA: Results

Core environmental impact indicators

| Indicator | Unit | A1-3 |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| GWP-total | kg CO ₂ -eq. | 8.46e+02 (5.33e+02)* |
| GWP-fossil | kg CO ₂ -eq. | 7.23e+02 (5.27e+02)* |
| GWP-biogenic | kg CO ₂ -eq. | 1.22e+02 (6.02e+00)* |
| GWP-luluc | kg CO ₂ -eq. | 1.15e-01 |
| ODP | kg CFC-11-Eq | 7.90e-07 |
| AP | mol H ⁺ -Eq | 7.29e-01 |
| EP-freshwater | kg P-Eq | 8.15e-02 |
| EP-marine | kg N-Eq | 2.34e-01 |
| EP-terrestrial | mol N-Eq | 3.11e+00 |
| POCP | kg NMVOC-Eq | 6.14e-01 |
| ADPE | kg Sb-Eq | 2.35e-03 |
| ADPF | MJ, net calorific value | 3.44e+03 |
| WDP | m ³ world Eq deprived | 1.40e+01 |

GWP-total: Global Warming Potential - total **GWP-fossil:** Global warming potential - fossil **GWP-biogenic:** Global Warming Potential - biogenic **GWP-luluc:** Global Warming Potential - luluc **ODP:** Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer **AP:** Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance **EP-freshwater:** Eutrophication potential - freshwater **EP-marine:** Eutrophication potential - marine **EP-terrestrial:** Eutrophication potential - terrestrial **POCP:** Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential **ADPE:** Abiotic depletion potential - non-fossil resources **ADPF:** Abiotic depletion potential - fossil resources **WDP:** Water (user) deprivation potential

* The first value is the gross value, it includes the impacts from all manufacturing activities. Gross values are more commonly used in Northern Europe. The value in brackets is the net value, it excludes the impact from the incineration of waste-derived fuels, and is more common in Central Europe and Germany.

Additional indicators

| Indicator | Unit | A1-3 |
|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| PM | disease incidence | 6.41e-06 |
| IRP | kBq U235-Eq | 1.37e+01 |
| ETP-fw | CTUe | 2.50e+02 |
| HTP-c | CTUh | 1.55e-07 |
| HTP-nc | CTUh | 2.90e-06 |
| SQP | dimensionless | 2.05e+02 |

PM: Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions **IRP:** Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 **ETP-fw:** Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems **HTP-c:** Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans - cancer effects **HTP-nc:** Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans - non-cancer effects **SQP:** Potential Soil quality index

IRP: This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

ETP-fw, HTP-c, HTP-nc and SQP: The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with these indicators.

Use of resources

| Indicator | Unit | A1-3 |
|-----------|------|----------|
| PERE | MJ | 1.22e+03 |
| PERM | MJ | 0 |
| PERT | MJ | 1.22e+03 |
| PENRE | MJ | 3.44e+03 |
| PENRM | MJ | 7.27e-01 |
| PENRT | MJ | 3.44e+03 |
| SM | kg | 0 |
| RSF | MJ | 2.94e+03 |
| NRSF | MJ | 3.25e+03 |
| FW | m³ | 5.49e-01 |

PERE: Primary energy resources - renewable: use as energy carrier **PERM:** Primary energy resources - renewable: used as raw materials **PERT:** Primary energy resources - renewable: total **PENRE:** Primary energy resources - non-renewable: use as energy carrier **PENRM:** Primary energy resources - non-renewable: used as raw materials **PENRT:** Primary energy resources - non-renewable: total **SM:** Use of secondary material **RSF:** Renewable secondary fuels **NRSF:** Non-renewable secondary fuels **FW:** Net use of fresh water

Waste flows

| Indicator | Unit | A1-3 |
|-----------|------|----------|
| HWD | kg | 2.30e+00 |
| NHWD | kg | 3.99e+02 |
| RWD | kg | 4.02e-03 |

HWD: Hazardous waste disposed **NHWD:** Non hazardous waste disposed **RWD:** Radioactive waste disposed

Output flows

| Indicator | Unit | A1-3 |
|-----------|------|------|
| CRU | kg | 0 |
| MFR | kg | 0 |
| MER | kg | 0 |
| EEE | MJ | 0 |
| EET | MJ | 0 |

CRU: Components for re-use **MFR:** Materials for recycling **MER:** Materials for energy recovery **EEE:** Exported electrical energy **EET:** Exported thermal energy

| Name | Value | Unit |
|---|-------|------|
| Biogenic carbon content in product | 0 | kg C |
| Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging | 0 | kg C |

Additional requirements

Greenhouse gas emissions from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

Electricity consumption in the manufacturing phase is composed from the source below. Electricity is represented by data in ecoinvent 3.10 regionalised for Germany.

| Electricity | Unit | Value |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Electricity from grid | kg CO ₂ -eq. / kWh | 0.47 |

Dangerous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH candidate list.

Additional environmental information







Additional environmental impact indicators required in NPCR Part A for construction products

| Indicator | Unit | A1-3 |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| GWP-IOBC | kg CO ₂ -eq. | 5.18e+02 |

GWP-IOBC: Global Warming Potential - Instantaneous oxidation of biogenic carbon

Bibliography

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10 | Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures |
| DIN EN ISO 14040:2021-02 | Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework |
| DIN EN ISO 14044:2021-02 | Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines |
| EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 | Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products |
| DIN CENTR 15941:2010-11 | Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Methodology for selection and use of generic data |
| DIN EN 15942:2022-04 | Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Communication format business-to-business |
| ISO 21930:2017-07 | Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works - Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services |
| Ecoinvent v3.10 | ecoinvent, Zurich, Switzerland, database version 3.10 |
| PCR | EN 16908:2017+A1:2022: Cement and building lime - Environmental product declarations - Product category rules complementary to EN 15804 |
| EN 16908:2017+A1:2022 | Cement and building lime - Environmental product declarations - Product category rules complementary to EN 15804 |
| | Basic principles and recommendations for describing the dismantling, post use, and disposal stage of construction products: https://www.umweltbundesamt.de/sites/default/files/medien/1410/publikationen/2020-07-06_texte_130-2020_guidance-document-construction-industry.pdf |
| | ILCD Handbook: https://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/uploads/ILCD-Handbook-LCIA-Background-analysis-online-12March2010.pdf |

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